

Rhino 7 & 8 Tools Reference Guide

1. Editing Tools

These tools help manipulate existing geometry.

- **Join:** Combines two or more curves, edges, or surfaces into one continuous object.
- **Trim:** Removes parts of objects at intersections with other objects.
- **Copy:** Creates duplicates of objects in the model.
- **Move:** Relocates objects from one place to another in the modeling space.

2. 2D Shape Creation

Tools for drawing standard 2D geometric shapes.

- **Circle:** Creates a circle based on center and radius (or other options).
- **Rectangle:** Draws a four-sided shape with right angles.
- **Polygon:** Creates an equilateral polygon with a specified number of sides.
- **Star (Polygon Star):** Creates a star-shaped polygon with points and inner radius.

Draw some pictures to help you remember!

Notes:

3. Basic Drawing Tools

Used to draw curves and basic linework.

- **InterCrv (InterpCrv):** Creates a smooth curve through selected points using interpolation.
- **Polyline:** Draws a series of connected straight-line segments.

- **Line:** Draws a single straight line between two points.
- **Sketch:** Freely draws curves using a digital sketching approach, useful for concept modeling.

4. Creating Curves Along Surfaces

Used to generate complex surface or solid geometry from base curves.

- **Sweep 1:** Creates a surface by sweeping a profile curve along a single rail curve.
- **Sweep 2:** Sweeps a profile curve between two rail curves.
- **Loft:** Creates a surface through two or more profile curves.
- **Pipe / MultiPipe:**
 - **Pipe:** Creates a tubular surface around a curve.
 - **MultiPipe:** Builds smooth transitions between multiple curves, ideal for organic junctions.

5. Boolean Tools

Used for combining or subtracting solid objects.

- **BooleanUnion:** Merges two or more solids into one.
- **BooleanDifference:** Subtracts one or more solids from another.

Draw some pictures to help you remember!

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Lamp Instructions:

Step-by-Step Instructions

1. Draw the Base Line:

- Begin by drawing a guiding line where your loft will follow.

2. Create Profile Shapes:

- Create the shapes you want to loft between (e.g., rectangle, circle, polygon).
- Adjust size, orientation, and position as needed.

3. Loft the Shapes:

- Select all the shapes in the order you want them lofted.
- Type `Loft` in the command line and press Enter.
- Follow the prompt to create a surface from the selected profiles.

4. Solidify the Form:

- Use either of the following based on your needs:
 - `OffsetSrf`: Creates a hollow shell by offsetting the surface.
 - `Cap`: Closes open planar surfaces to create a solid form.

5. Add a Hole (e.g., for Lamp Wire):

- Draw a small circle where the hole is needed.
- Use `ExtrudeCrv` to turn the circle into a cylinder.
- Position the cylinder where you want the hole to be.
- Use `BooleanDifference` to subtract the cylinder from the main object.

6. Add More Details (Optional):

- Create additional shapes as needed.
- Use `BooleanUnion` to combine them with the main form.